

Άσκηση: Έστω X, Y τ.μ. με κοινή β.π.π. ως εξής:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-x-y}, & x, y > 0 \\ 0, & \text{αλλιώς} \end{cases}$$

Υπολογίστε την πιθανότητα $P(X \leq Y)$

Λύση:

$$\begin{aligned} f_X(x) &= \int_0^{\infty} f(x, y) dy = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} \cdot e^{-y} dy = e^{-x} [-e^{-y}]_0^{\infty} = e^{-x} \left(-\lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} e^{-y} + e^0 \right) = \\ &= e^{-x} (0 + 1) = e^{-x}, \quad x > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_Y(y) &= \int_0^{\infty} f(x, y) dx = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} e^{-y} dx = e^{-y} (-e^{-x})_0^{\infty} = e^{-y} \left(-\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{-x} + e^0 \right) = \\ &= e^{-y} (0 + 1) = e^{-y}, \quad y > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Άρα, } f(x, y) = e^{-x-y} = e^{-x} \cdot e^{-y} = f_X(x) \cdot f_Y(y), \quad \forall x, y > 0.$$

Δηλ. X, Y ανεξάρτητες.

$$\text{Οπότε } P(X \leq Y) = \int_0^{\infty} F_X(y) \cdot f_Y(y) dy.$$

$$F_X(y) = \int_0^y f_X(x) dx = \int_0^y e^{-x} dx = [-e^{-x}]_0^y = -e^{-y} + e^0 = 1 - e^{-y}.$$

$$\text{Δηλ. } F_X(y) = P(X \leq y) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-y}, & y > 0 \\ 0, & y \leq 0. \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Άρα: } P(X \leq Y) = \int_0^{\infty} (1 - e^{-y}) \cdot e^{-y} dy = \int_0^{\infty} (e^{-y} - e^{-2y}) dy =$$

$$= [-e^{-y} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-2y}]_0^{\infty} = \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left[-e^{-y} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-2y} \right] - \left[-e^0 + \frac{1}{2} e^0 \right] = 0 - \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Υπολογίστε την $P(X \leq x)$

Λύση:

$$P(X \leq x) = \int_0^x f_X(t) dt = \int_0^x e^{-t} dt = [-e^{-t}]_0^x = -e^{-x} + e^0 = 1 - e^{-x}.$$

$$\text{Δηλ: } P(X \leq x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-x}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{αλλιώς.} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Όμοια το } P(Y \leq y) = \dots = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-y}, & y > 0 \\ 0, & \text{αλλιώς.} \end{cases}$$

Άσκηση: Έστω X, Y τ.μ. με β.π.π. ως εξής:

$$f(x, y) = \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{y}} e^{-y}}{y}, \quad 0 < x < \infty, \quad 0 < y < \infty.$$

Υπολογίστε τη $E[X|Y=y]$.

Λύση:

Δίνεται ότι:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x e^{-x} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{X|Y}(x|y) &= \frac{f(x, y)}{f_Y(y)} = \frac{\frac{e^{-\frac{x}{y}} e^{-y}}{y}}{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{y}} e^{-y}}{y} dx} = \\ &= \frac{\frac{e^{-\frac{x}{y}} e^{-y}}{y}}{\frac{e^{-y}}{y} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x}{y}} dx} = \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{y}}}{[-y e^{-\frac{x}{y}}]_0^{\infty}} = \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{y}}}{-y \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{-\frac{x}{y}} - e^0 \right]} = \\ &= \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{y}}}{-y \cdot (-1)} = \frac{1}{y} e^{-\frac{x}{y}}, \quad x > 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$E[X|Y=y] = \int_0^{\infty} x \cdot f_{X|Y}(x|y) dx = \int_0^{\infty} x \cdot \frac{1}{y} e^{-\frac{x}{y}} dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{y} \int_0^{\infty} x \cdot e^{-\frac{x}{y}} dx = \frac{1}{y} \int_0^{\infty} x \cdot (-y e^{-\frac{x}{y}})' dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{y} \left[[-xy e^{-\frac{x}{y}}]_0^{\infty} + \int_0^{\infty} y e^{-\frac{x}{y}} dx \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{y} \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (-xy e^{-\frac{x}{y}}) + 0 + y [-y e^{-\frac{x}{y}}]_0^{\infty} \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{y} \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (-xy e^{-\frac{x}{y}}) + y \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (-y e^{-\frac{x}{y}}) - (-y) \right) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{y} \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (-xy e^{-\frac{x}{y}}) + y(0+y) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{y} \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (-xy e^{-\frac{x}{y}}) + y^2 \right]. \quad (*)$$

Θα υπολογίσω το όριο: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (-xy e^{-\frac{x}{y}})$.

Θέτω $u = \frac{x}{y} \Rightarrow x = u \cdot y$.

Όταν $x \rightarrow \infty$, τότε $u \rightarrow \infty$

Το όριο γίνεται: $\lim_{u \rightarrow \infty} (-u \cdot y \cdot y \cdot e^{-u}) = y^2 \lim_{u \rightarrow \infty} (-u \cdot e^{-u}) =$

$$= -y^2 \cdot \lim_{u \rightarrow \infty} (u \cdot e^{-u}) = -y^2 \cdot 0 = 0. \quad (**)$$

Οπότε, η (*) $\stackrel{(**)}{\Rightarrow} E[X|Y=y] = \frac{1}{y} [0 + y^2] = y$.

Άσκηση: Έστω X, Y τ.μ. και ισχύουν:

$$\text{Var}(X) = 1 \quad \text{και} \quad \text{Var}(Y) = \text{Var}(2X - Y) = 4.$$

Να υπολογιστεί η συνδιασπορά των X, Y .

Λύση:

Ισχύει ότι: 1) $E[aX + b] = aE[X] + b.$

2) $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = E[(X - E[X])(Y - E[Y])].$

3) $\text{Var}(X) = E[(X - E[X])^2] \quad \text{και} \quad \text{Var}(X) = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2$

Οπότε, έχω:

$$\text{Var}(2X - Y) = 4 \Rightarrow E[(2X - Y - E(2X - Y))^2] = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow E[(2X - Y - 2E[X] + E[Y])^2] = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow E[(2(X - E[X]) - (Y - E[Y]))^2] = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow E[4(X - E[X])^2 + (Y - E[Y])^2 - 4(X - E[X])(Y - E[Y])] = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 4E[(X - E[X])^2] + E[(Y - E[Y])^2] - 4E[(X - E[X])(Y - E[Y])] = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \cdot \text{Var} X + \text{Var} Y - 4 \text{Cov}(X, Y) = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \cdot 1 + 4 - 4 \text{Cov}(X, Y) = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cov}(X, Y) = 1.$$

Άσκηση: Έστω X, Y τ.μ. με and κοινά 6.π.π. ως εξής:

$$p(x, y) = \begin{cases} c|x+y| & , x, y \in A = \{-1, 0, 1\} \\ 0 & , \text{αλλιώς.} \end{cases}$$

i) να βρεθεί το c .

ii) $E[Y|X=0] = ?$

Λύση:

i) Πρέπει $\sum_{x=-1}^1 \sum_{y=-1}^1 c|x+y| = 1 \Rightarrow \sum_{x=-1}^1 (c|x-1| + c|x| + c|x+1|) = 1 \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow (c|-1-1| + c|-1| + c|-1+1|) + (c|-1| + c|0| + c|1|) + (c|1-1| + c|1| + c|1+1|) = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow (2c + c) + (c + c) + (c + 2c) = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 8c = 1 \Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{8}$$

ii) $p_x(x) = \sum_{y=-1}^1 p(x, y) = \sum_{y=-1}^1 \frac{|x+y|}{8} = \frac{1}{8} (|x-1| + |x| + |x+1|), x \in \{-1, 0, 1\}.$

$$p_{Y|X}(x|y) = \frac{p(x, y)}{p_x(x)} = \frac{\frac{|x+y|}{8}}{\frac{|x-1| + |x| + |x+1|}{8}} = \frac{|x+y|}{|x-1| + |x| + |x+1|}$$

$$E[Y|X=0] = \sum_{y=-1}^1 y \cdot p_{Y|X}(0|y) = \sum_{y=-1}^1 y \frac{|y|}{|-1| + |0| + |1|} = \sum_{y=-1}^1 y \frac{|y|}{2} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{y=-1}^1 y|y| = \frac{1}{2} (-1 \cdot |-1| + 0 \cdot |0| + 1 \cdot |1|) = \frac{1}{2} (-1 + 1) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 = 0$$